RAILROADS

California R.R. Co.

1, 1880, trains will run as follows:
EXCEPT SUNDAYS.)
eside Division.
TLAND TO ROSEBURG.
Mail Train
A.M. Roseburg ..... ARRIVE ..... 3:00 P.M.
A.M. Portland ..... 9:20 P.M.
any Express Train
P.M. Lebanon ..... ARRIVE ..... 9:20 P.M.
A.M. Portland ..... 10:35 A.M.
reight Trains
ARRIVE
A.M. Junction ..... 5:00 P.M.
A.M. Portland ..... 9:30 A.M.
California Railroad ..... 5:30 P.M.
Eastside Division.
TLAND TO CORVALLIS.
Mail Train
ARRIVE
A.M. Corvallis ..... 5:30 P.M.
A.M. Portland ..... 9:30 P.M.
made at Roseburg with Stages of
Stage Company.
all the principal points in Califor-
Company's office.
Front sts., Portland, Or.
Forged on freight remaining a
ge received for shipment after 5
Eastside Division, and 4 o'clock P.M.
J. BLAIR, Gen'l Supt.
Freight and Passenger Agent.

Railway Company
LIMITED.
W ROUTE.
FRIDAY, MAY 6th, 1881, and
notice, trains and boats will run
EASTSIDE DIVISION.
ONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and
S, from foot of Morrison street,
SALEM, Dayton and
Island at Dayton on the River.
Train at Ray's Landing for
ville, Silverton, Waldo Hills,
North Santiam. Returning, leave Salem
morning, leaves above points TUES-
YS and SATURDAYS.
FREIGHT
street from 7 A.M. to 5 P.M.,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and
the above named and intermediate
SIDE DIVISION.
Sundays excepted, via S. & E.
Side Division to foot of Morrison
Freight received by Steamer Ex-
ess and Sheridan Junction, Dallas
Sheridan Junction and Sheri-
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS
Sheridan, Junction, Dallas
THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS,
Sheridan Junction and Sheri-
TICKETS to allpoints in and
at the divided ticket office.
J. M. FILMORE,
General Superintendent.
and Ticket Agent.

Pacific Railroad.
CIFIC DIVISION.
MA TO TACOMA
AND
A TO WILKESON
Mail Mixed
Line Trains Daily
ARRIVE
A.M. Tacoma ..... 5:30 P.M.
A.M. Kalama ..... 1:30 P.M.
Up Road Trains.
ARRIVE
P.M. Carbonado ..... 5:15 P.M.
A.M. Tacoma ..... 9:30 A.M.
Connections
Pacific Mail Steamships for Yoko-
and Hong Kong.
Sound steamers for
Olympia.
T. R. & N. Co.'s Boats for Port-
Columbia river.
Weekly, and Saturday at 6
for Port Townsend, Victoria,
Whatcom and Fraser river.
Through Tickets
issued by the Company and at
T. & N. Co. in Portland, Oregon, to
and via C., M. & N. S. S. Co.'s steam-
and O. S. S. Co.'s and P. M. S. S. Co's
Central to San Francisco.
Portland, Oregon, for sale at
Tacoma and Seattle.
S SPRAGUE, Superintendent.
BRAGUE, Gen'l Supt.

MARKETS.

. H. JOHNSON,
Central Market,
Butcher and Packer.
on paid to supplying ships.
r all kinds of fat stock.

J. S. KELLER,
r of Madison and First Sts.,
is prepared to supply From
Mutton, Veal, &c.
LE AND RETAIL.

UNFORTUNATE.
DR. GIBBON'S
DISPENSARY,
623 KEARNY ST.,
between Clay and Sacramento,
cial street, San Francisco.
Established in 1854, for
the treatment of Seminal and
Nervous Diseases, such as
Spermatorrhœa, Gleet, Stric-
ture, Syphilis in all its
forms, Seminal Weak-
ness, Impotency, and
Sexual Misconduct, can con-
sult by letter free. The sick
can fail to call upon him. The
experience in Europe, and in
the various hospitals there, en-
valuable information, which he
to those in need of his services
e no charge unless he effects a
rance may be cured at home.
strictly confidential. Send $10
ine. You see no one but the
ding to the Doctor will please
paper they see this advertise-
consult. Call or write. Address
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rgeon of the great Prof. Ricord
of Paris.
office, 21 Geary St., privately
on Weakness, Loss of Manhood
s, Bladder Stricture, Diseases
iseases of the blood and skin
of mercury. A valuable book
Marriage, sent free to any ad-
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AND PRODUCE,
Washington Streets.

OFFICE.
ENT OF THE CITIZENS'
the city of Portland
ed and negotiated.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXI.—NO. 6286 PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, JUNE 9 1881 PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Coniding Loses one Vote, and the Reason Why.

IMPROBABLE RUMOR THAT GARFIELD HAS SURRENDERED.

The Greenback Meeting in St. Louis—Disastrous Storm in West Virginia—A Question on the New Hampshire Vacancy.

ATLANTA, June 8.—The grand convention, assembled to vote to all the roads in the South concerned the short term rate bill, met this morning at 10 o'clock. President Wilder in the chair. Present: Messrs. Wilder, Lay, Thomas, Bagley, Dunbar, Hayes, Brown, Freeman, Harris, Crowley, Dunbar 2.

When the roll was called H Russell was called he said that on each vote he had given out he voted for the return of the only distinguished senators. They were men of such eminence that that clear led me to my choice. I say to judgment that that clear led me to my choice. I say to judgment that that clear led me to my choice. Without consulting to make any distinction between these two gentlemen, I regarded Conkling as an ideal senator. I have, however, just returned from my constituents and am convinced by each and every one of them that I should be recreant to my duty to my constituents and my conscience if I should not say that nine-tenths of the republicans there are opposed to return of the late senators. I have a duty to perform to the republicans who sent me here, and that is to give vent to their sentiments, and I therefore vote for Cornell.

The convention proceeded to vote for successor to Platt: Platt 29, Kearns, 31, Depew 31, Lapham 1, Cornell 10, Folger 4, Sherman 1, B. F. Tracy 1, Crowley 1, no choice. Adjourned.

Adjournment Resolution Laid Over.

Senate concurrent resolution for sine die adjournment on the 10th inst. was laid over.

An Improbable Story.

The *Tribune's* Albany: Some singular stories are floating around. It is stated that the president has written a carefully prepared letter in a prominent case which he refuses to allow to be published, except under the seal of the New York custom house, for or against the interest of any faction. He say that he appreciates the friendly feeling which prompts the collector and his friends in order to send as Vallet States senators from New York men who are warmly and entirely in sympathy with the administration, but does not deem it necessary to make that done, since he is sure to have the support of republicans who believe Conkling and Platt to be true republicans who have nothing against him except the matter of the collectorship, which is now settled and a matter of the past. Especially he deems it inexpedient to raise an administration and anti-administration issue in a scrambling fight where a protracted struggle or forced compromise might lead to injure the administration as much as signal defeat. He offers a suggestion that it would be both more dignified and advantageous to the administration to give way and return Conkling and Platt the engage in a personal struggle without being thus called to throw upon two distinct opposition candidates of the party and administration. The president thinks that the party has more at stake and more to lose in total rupture than any individual. It is reported that Garfield's letter has a very strong one, and has been shown to a select few in the administration ranks.

A word from Conkling.

Conkling gave it out last evening as he hastily rushed off to take the train in reply to a telegram, that concentration of votes was highly fantastic as to the plan of forcing adjournment.

Forgeries.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Leather Manufacturers' bank has unearthed a systematic plan of forgery for the purpose of defrauding banks in that and parts of the United states. During the past year over a dozen forged drafts have been presented at the bank for collection. One was presented today through the Bank of Commerce here and another through the Bank of Commerce.

A Base Selenar.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Yesterday an attempt was made to reduce the stock and create confidence by means of a dispatch from a western point announcing the sudden death of Jay Gould. The dispatch was not accepted by the associated press office and the joke hardly called for defended. General Agent Smith of the New Jersey Central has now in possession the dispatch that the investigation in his office to show that the dispatch was sent by a broker in this city organized for the purpose of disseminating false news in financial and commercial news. He said that the authorities have no objection in leading cities in the east and west and London. Some excitement and the business public need be on their guard.

The Brewers' Strike.

NEW YORK, June 8.—Employing brewers held that afternoon and voted to that they would not in Yuletide. Weissinger however asked to be called but to-day at the old rates. did were raised, also that the merchants in Brooklyn to sell beer at last men have returned to work at the old terms. A report was also received that all employers in Manhattan Brooklyn agreeing, including the Germania, published for resumption, and to did so additions but were to be that their services were no longer required; also that brewers in the Metropolitan brewers had resigned from the union, and returned to work. A dispatch was received from Schlueter & Schmidt's brewery stating that defendant beer issued to furnish beer to no persons but regular customers. Chas. Schlueter was reported had paid off the employes in the brewery and told them their services would not be wanted. A telegram was sent to Germany today for experienced brewers. Strikers stopped the wagons of Claussen's brewery this afternoon and compelled the drivers to unharness their teams. Police and was sought for protection of drivers. It is stated that all Brooklyn breweries are in operation, and all save five in this city were running as usual. Staten Island breweries are said to be in full operation.

Too Many Passengers.

Adolph Albers, captain of the steamer Silesian, Captain Gustave Meyer, of the steamer Ohio and Carl Wiegard, captain of the steamer Saltair, were arrested today for carrying an excessive number of passengers. The complaint was held in $10,000, the second $25,000 and the third in $5000, to await action of the grand jury.

A Question In New Hampshire.

CONCORD, June 8.—The indications rather point to the non-election of a United States senator by the present legislature, though the matter is not yet determined. The leading candidates for the nomination, except Senator Rollins, oppose the election. It is understood that ex-Gov. Harriman is only opposed on the ground that the people have not been fairly represented in the senate, and that the election would be unconstitutional and illegal

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1881.

THE LUMBER QUESTION.

A journal published at Chicago, devoted specially to the interests of the lumber trade, says: "The time is coming when scarcity of lumber will, at no distant day, lead to a more widespread use of iron and steel. Iron could now be used profitably to a much larger degree than it is, but abundance and cheapness of lumber are still excuses for savage destruction of mighty forests, which, when once gone, are virtually gone forever. But these excuses will not much longer serve in the older parts of the country. At no time in our history has there been such enormous consumption of lumber. During the season recently closed 6,270,350,000 feet were cut in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. The available supply in those states will last only twelve years at the present rate of consumption. Meanwhile lumber has been shipped to Maine showing that the timber of the old pine-tree state is almost exhausted. Pine in Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee is growing scarce, and the spruce is quite used up. A general advance of lumber through all the older states is regarded as extremely probable, in view of these facts.

"Abundance of lumber does no doubt point to increased use of iron and steel. The probability of this is strengthened by the economies which are being introduced in iron production through new processes and inventions. Lumber must necessarily advance in price, and iron and steel must as necessarily decrease in cost, until at last a meeting place will be reached, which will stimulate the application of iron and its products to many purposes now dependent for supply on lumber alone. For endurance, safety, beauty and economy iron must sooner or later drive lumber out of active competition in many places, and thus open up a far wider demand for the products of foundries and mills."

But the forests of the great Pacific northwest are as yet virtually untouched; and they now offer the most considerable source of supply remaining on the continent. Development of our railway system will, in a few years, give us an immense lumber trade. The industry will be more important than our fisheries; and it may for a time take precedence even over our wheat. The railroads will make our vast forests accessible to the great treeless region of the interior, and as lumber is now carried from Michigan to Maine, so it may be carried from Oregon and Washington to Montana and Dakota, *and even to Chicago. The rapid settlement* of the country, to follow railroad construction, will create a mighty demand for lumber over half a million square miles of territory. Within a few years our mountains, where the chief supply is, will be penetrated in all directions and at all points, and the lumber will be run out on tramways or driven down the streams. Ten years from now it will be an immense business. Nothing can be more correct for the demand in the open country, from the Cascade range to the Missouri river, will certainly be met by the supply from these western forests. Here is not only the easy and natural source of supply, but the only possible one. Our forests too, will in time be exhausted, but they are so situated and their *extent is such, that they may be* energized, good for one hundred years' stock; and by that time we shall be an old country and ready for the substitution of iron for lumber, which people of our eastern states are now beginning to adopt.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

It is asserted by those who claim to have information as to the views of Postmaster-General James that the first annual report of this official will contain a strong and mature plea for the establishment of postal savings banks, under a system similar to that existing in England. The English plan has been found to work admirably in that country, and there can be but little doubt but that its operation here would be still more signally successful. It is practically an issue by the government of bonds bearing no interest and redeemable on demand. That such an issue would yield a profit to the government over the incidental expenses of the added department, there can be no doubt. The wages of our workmen, clerks and others who would constitute the grand army of investors average considerably higher than corresponding employments pay in England, and the accumulations of such a banking system, in the course of a few years, would be immense. This surplus invested in government securities would yield an interest that would not only pay all the expenses incidental to the establishment of the system, but would make the entire department self-supporting and leave some balance to go towards the gradual extinction of the nation's debt. Mr. James, it is said, will accompany his recommendation with an array of figures showing the actual benefits of the system in England and the probable results of its adoption *in this country. The only objection* urged against the measure at this time is that there are legal obstacles in the way that will prevent the utilization of the postoffice department as a bank of deposit. It seems scarcely probable, however, that any objections exist which cannot be done away with by an act of congress, especially when the advantages accruing to the government are so manifestly great. The inducements offered to the depositors are absolute security and the right of withdrawal on demand without notice, sureties which can be positively guaranteed only by the national government.

Speaking of the outlook of the market for western cattle this season, the Chicago *Drovers' Journal says: "Just now Chicago* canners are unable to get either the kind or quality of stock they want, owing to the high prices and great scarcity of 'native' cows, heifers, light steers and general mixed butcher stock. Lately they have been paying $3@4 50 for cows, and up to $5 25 for choice stock and they are unable to get enough even at those rates. The several immense canning establishments are anxiously awaiting the opening of the Texas cattle season, as none of them are able to run at anything like full head. Though we are not given to making predictions, yet the present indications point to a wonderfully busy season, and with the Texas *Live Stock Journal*, we are inclined to think that ranchmen and drovers will be better paid for this season's work than last. At any rate, Texas and western stockers can rest assured there will be no lack of healthy competition between Chicago canners and beef packers.

The weakness of Turkey is her strength, and her poverty is more valuable in the way of protection than riches. She has little to lose in the way of money or movable property. Yet if driven to the wall the sultan could marshal armies and carry on war a sufficient length of time to bankrupt almost any one of the great powers. The armaments of European nations represent thousands of millions of money all borrowed, every pound, franc, mark or ruble of it. The national debts of Europe have reached a height where they cannot be increased to any great extent without precipitating bankruptcy. Hence the great continental powers are under the necessity to keep the peace. A collapse of the public credit in Germany, Spain, Austria or Italy would signify a collapse financially, and the stopping out of business and manufactures at least for the time being. Bankrupt Turkey is therefore nearly as powerful as any foreign nation to-day.

The author of the article against Mr. Blaine in the *New York Tribune* makes the fact that, in the spring of 1877, Mr. Blaine failed to make an energetic protest against the removal of President Hayes' political enemies, Postmaster-General Key and Chamberlain, from office, and sent a lengthy telegram

---

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW MARKET THEATER,

TUESDAY, 14th JUNE, 1881.

SECOND GRAND CONCERT

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

MASONIC BOARD OF RELIEF,

Under the direction of

W. H. KINTROSS.

Assisted by the following well-known artists:

MISS SALLIE RIGHTMIRE,
MISS JOSEPHINE WOLFE,
MRS. J. B. WYATT,
MRS. J. A. CRUZAN,
MISS LIZZIE ANDERSON.
A. A. FRANKLIN,
W. J. BURNS,
J. GILL,
W. H. KINROSS.

Male Quartette and Full Orchestra.

Accompanist.....EDGAR E. COURSEN

Admission.....$1 00
Reserved Seats 25c extra.

NEW MARKET THEATRE.
F. W. SPENCER.....Lessee and Manager.

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
THURSDAY & FRIDAY, JUNE 9 & 10.

The Great German Dialect Comedian,

MR. ALF. WYMAN.

Supported by the Comedienne,
MISS LULU WILSON
AND THE
CALIFORNIA THEATER CO. OF S. F.

In the German Comedy-Drama in Four Acts, by C. H. Lee or Otto Bertram, entitled

YAKIE!

As played by him 400 times consecutively at the Thalia Theater, Hamburg, and over 200 times in Eastern cities.

PRESS NOTICES.

"Yakie is a success. Pleasant Dutch comedy. The laughter was both hearty and frequent."—S. F. Chronicle.

"It is two hours and a half of fun, put on the stage very humorously."—San Francisco Post.

"Judging from the laughter and applause of the audience, there is no doubt but Yakie is a hit."—San Francisco Herald.

"A rare success; better than a song. Expect that has made such authors and actors as Boucicault, Dan Rice, Joe Murphy and Neil Burgess."—Portland Telegram.

"Yakie is to the German character what Joseph Whitcomb is to the New England character."—Sacramento Herald.

ADMISSION. Dress Circle and Parquette, $1 00. No extra charge for reserved seats. Box Office at Pheniter & Co.'s, open Saturday June 11, 9 A. M.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

In Reply to Wm. Currier's Misstatements.

The following we hope will prove that Wm. Currier's card is as false as well can be. He says he does not sell contract goods of the whole amount bought by the Oregon Steam Navigation Company. Neither did he sell to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, but he sold to the contractor who had the contract to furnish the material for building the road, and who bought the material in open market, and who was not connected with the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company in any way, shape or form. Currier's statement that he sold to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company is false, and he knows it to be false. Currier's statement that he sold to the Oregon Steam Navigation Company is false, and he knows it to be false. Currier's statement that he sold to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company is false, and he knows it to be false. Currier's statement that he sold to the Oregon Steam Navigation Company is false, and he knows it to be false.

[Long list of names]

No. 165. No. 155.

THE PALACE
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,

Cor. Third and Morrison Sts.

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED
80 CASES
Men's, Women's and Children's
BOOTS AND SHOES
Of Eastern Manufacture, which we offer at
AT LOWER PRICES
Than ever sold in the State. By calling at
In the Ladies will find the largest variety of Plain
and Fancy Custom Shoes in the city.

WE KEEP
From the finest French Kid Shoes to the coarsest
Brogans. Boots, Shoes and Rubbers of all
EVERYBODY,
COUNTRY ORDERS A SPECIALTY.
REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CARDWELL & BENNETT,
THE
PALACE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,
Cor. Third and Morrison Streets,
Portland, Oregon.

B. J. MALARKEY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Foreign & Domestic Produce.

We make the sale of Dairy Produce a Specialty
Consignments and sales solicited. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Weekly Price Current mailed free on application.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

10 and 12 Front St., Portland, Or.

MILLINERY!

MRS. G. H. CLARKE
At corner Fourth and Columbia Sts.,
Has opened a Large Stock of
FRENCH IMPORTED BONNETS, HATS,
Millinery Goods of Every Description,
Surpassing anything heretofore offered here.

Swedish and Norwegian
VICE-CONSULATE.

AGENCY—MAN AND NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD. The only direct [illegible]

ARTHUR WILSON,
[illegible]
CANTON GARDEN PEANUT COMPANY'S [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.

[illegible]

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

SPECIAL!

THE LEADING
DRY GOODS HOUSE

Received This Day,
Per S. S. Bonita from New York,
2 CASES
LACE BUNTINGS,
COLORED AND BLACK,
WARRANTED PURE WOOL,
At the Low Price of
3c CENTS PER YARD,
Regular Price 50 cts.
These goods were missent and delayed. [illegible]
ABOVE SACRIFICE.
[illegible]
retail trade only.

S. Lyhman & Co.

Cor. First and Washington Sts.

DRY GOODS.

CLEARANCE SALE
AT THE
[illegible]ce House

As we intend enlarging and making other extensive alterations in our building, we have marked down our entire stock, so as to insure speedy sales, and present to our patrons, for the next six weeks, the greatest bargains in

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY
AND
FANCY GOODS

Ever Offered in the City.

BL'K & COL'D CASHMERES
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
BLACK & COLORED SILKS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
NEW STYLE PLAIDS IN WOOL AND SILK
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
SILK SURAH PLAIDS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
BLACK & COL'D BUNTINGS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
GRENADINES, BROCADE AND PLAIN,
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
BLACK SURAH SATINS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
BLACK SATIN DE LYONS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
FRINGES, GIMPS, ORNAMENTS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
BUTTONS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.,
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
LACE NECKWEAR
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
CLOAKS, CAPES & WRAPS
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.
LATEST NOVELTIES
IN
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

This is a splendid opportunity for purchasers, and we invite such to examine goods and compare prices.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,
123 FIRST ST.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED.
$4000 [illegible]

WANTED.
$1200 [illegible]

ALBERT BARTSCH,
THE PIANO MAKER AND ORGAN BUILDER
REGULAR AGENT FOR
WORLD RENOWNED STEINWAY & SONS
AND
CELEBRATED KRANICH & BACH
PIANOS!
A [illegible]
TUNING AND REPAIRING
A Specialty.
Yamhill St., near Fourth, Portland, Or.

THE
CEDAR MOUNTAIN MILL CO.
[illegible]
Machine-made Shingles
[illegible]
D. J. MALARKEY & CO.,
10 and 12 Front Street, Portland, Or

FIREWORKS
MADE AT HOME
GEO. HUGGINS, Portland

WANTS.

DESIRED.
A [illegible]

WANTED.
[illegible]

TO DRUGGISTS.
[illegible]

INFORMATION WANTED
OF [illegible]

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ROOMS WITH BOARD
[illegible]

ROOMS WITH BOARD
[illegible]

TO L. T.

ROOMS TO LET.
[illegible]

FOR RENT.
[illegible]

TO L. T.
[illegible]

FOR RENT.
[illegible]

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
[illegible]

TO RENT.
[illegible]

FOR RENT.
[illegible]

TO LET.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE AT ST. PAUL, OR.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.—WILL SLAUGHTER.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

FOR SALE.
[illegible]

000,000 BRICK FOR SALE.
[illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.
[illegible]

GENTLEMEN'S DANCING CLASS.
[illegible]

BURKHART & SPAULDING, [illegible]

R. F. PITT, [illegible]

Wood [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SEALED TENDERS
[illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.
[illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.
[illegible]

NOTICE.
[illegible]

OUR RETAIL STOCK
AT
WHOLESALE PRICES
A FEW QUOTATIONS.

HOSIERY.

Balbriggan Hose, regular made, extra length, $1 50 per box.
Ladies' Fancy *Stripe Hose, finished foot, 6 pair for $1.*
Ladies' Plain Color Hose, " 6 pair for $1.
Balbriggan Hose, Colored Silk clox, good quality, $2 per box.
Children's Fancy Hose, 8c, 12c, 16 2-3c, 20c and 25c per pair.
Children's Fancy Hose, our best quality, reduced from $1 25 per pair to 75c; from $1 12 1-2 to 70c; from $1 to 62 1-2c; from 75c to 50c; from 62 1-2c to 37 1-2c.
Ladies' Fancy and Balbriggan Hose, our best quality, reduce of fully 33 1-3 per cent.
Misses' Half Hose in brown and fancy, at very low prices.

DRESS GOODS.

Black All Wool Empire, good quality..... 25c
Colored All Wool Cashmere Hair Cloth..... 30c
Colored Mixed Silk and Wool Dress Goods..... 37 1-2c
Colored Dress Goods, Plain Mixed, double width..... 20c
Colored Dress Goods, Lenzie and Plaids, half wool..... 15c, 17c, 20c and 25c
All our remaining stock of Dress Goods must be sold, and are now offered to the purchaser at prices.

LESS THAN COST.

As we must close our retail stock, July 1st or 15th, we are anxious to dispose of our entire retail stock by that time, and together with the goods above mentioned, also offer our line of Hosiery, Trimmings, Notions, Laces, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, Toilet, Quilts, Curtain Net and Curtains, Carpets, Floor Oil Shawls, and Millinery Goods

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Call Early, Examine our Stock and Compare Prices.

MOONEY & VALENTINE,
FIRST AND TAYLOR STS.

DAYTON, HALL & LAMBERSON,

IMPORTERS OF BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

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IT IS COMING!

OUR
National Holiday!
THE GLORIOUS FOURTH
PREPARE FOR IT!

BRING YOUR WIVES, SISTERS, CHILDREN, AND ALL YOUR RELATIONS, AND SEE HOW WE WILL ASTONISH YOU.

LET US GIVE YOU AN IDEA OR TWO HOW TO SAVE MONEY AND TIME.

JUST CONSIGNED TO US FROM NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA:

125 dozen CORSETS from 25c upward.
200 dozen LADIES' HOSE, 10c per pair upward.
420 dozen CHILDREN'S HOSE, 5c upward.
25,000 EMBROIDERIES, narrow, medium, wide and flouncings, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12c to $2 75 per yd.
90 doz. WHITE PURE LINEN HDKFS, from 10c up.
110 pieces RUCHINGS from 5c per yard upward.
300 doz. First Class KID GLOVES, all colors, 50c a pair. These are well worth $1.
LISLE-THREAD GLOVES, Ladies and Children's, at 25c on the dollar.
A heavy consignment of GIMPS, FRINGES, CORDS and TASSELS and BUTTONS.
1 case VEILINGS, BELTS, TIES, FICHUS, COLLARS and CUFFS, etc., at just half the prices usually asked.
1 case of PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS, sold for whom concerned.
A full line of Ladies, Children and Gent's SUMMER UNDERWEAR.
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LADIES' LINEN GOODS in endless variety.
HEAVY GOODS, such as DOMESTICS, etc., etc., always sold closer than any house in the trade.
SMALL WARES and NOTIONS at nominal prices; best stock in Oregon.
RIBBONS—RIBBONS, Plain and Brocaded; very handsome goods.

Come and see, and compare our prices, and you will surely patronize

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN OREGON.

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221 FIRST ST.,
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WE WISH THE BUYING PUBLIC TO REMEMBER THAT EVERYTHING HERE PUT DOWN WILL BE FOUND IN OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS, AND AT ALL OUR COMPETITORS. SUCH LOW PRICES THAT YOU WILL BE CONVINCED WE UNDERSELL ALL.

MEETING NOTICES.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
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Oregon Central Railroad Co. (Leased Lines)
Oregon Central Railroad Co. (Leased Lines)

The Daily Oregonian.
TUESDAY MORNING JUNE 2, 1885.

CITY.

GRADUATING EXERCISES

Of St. Helen's Hall Yesterday—Address by Bishop Morris—List of Graduates

The graduating exercises of St. Helen's Hall [illegible] yesterday afternoon. They were conducted by [illegible] that were filled to the last [illegible] Those who [illegible] Bishop Morris, [illegible] Rev. Dr. Atkinson, [illegible] Rev. Dr. Eliot, [illegible] Rev. J. H. Acton

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1884.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE AT PORTLAND.

DR. ATKINSON'S LECTURE.

COMMUNICATED.

Dr. Atkinson's address before the Teachers' Institute last Saturday was one of that gentleman's best efforts. Taking the subject nearest his heart, the American system of public education, he treated it with a degree of elaboration and eloquence far that of refreshing in these days of captious criticism. His account of the present status of public education was based on his own observations, supplemented by interviews with many of the prominent educators of our land. The lecturer's main object in going east was to visit the educational institutions there, to confer with teachers and others interested in educational work, but since this is an old story we may say, suppose he entered the institutions named for the opportunity to see at once the chief characteristics of each. He visited Cook County, Illinois, the largest school system in the world, Yale College, the Harvard of education, a comparison, at the formation back. His first question was a serious one, and directly to the point: "General, what has been the effect of those adverse criticisms upon our public schools?" The answer was as direct and terse.

"Simply a ripple upon a steadily and steadily moving stream. It has been as if some had thrown a pebble into a lake, nothing more." Another point mentioned by the lecturer was one in connection with an article which had recently appeared in the *North American Review*. The writer, though a [illegible] system, thought that the results obtained from this system are not commensurate with the labor and expense bestowed upon it; that it is a pure piece of machinery and not one constituted to develop individuality in children. For this reason the writer thinks that the public money should be divided, and as each church organization is more or less a family, and as each family is expected to know most about its own affairs and the desires of its members, that those sums should be given to the individual bodies for educational purposes. The Dr. said that he had asked something similar to this of Gen. Eaton, and the answer was as prompt as it was significant: "This will never be done, the American people will never allow their cherished idol to slip from their hands in order to be delegated to any sectarian bodies whatsoever. The schools must stand or fall with the republic."

The lecturer then spoke of the signs of progress to be seen everywhere. Improved school buildings are but an expression of improved thought, of improved purpose. Formerly the school house was but the work of mechanics, now it is built by the great educator, the idea. Young cities have this advantage over older ones, that unencumbered by these crude make-shifts of the past, they can build upon all that is latest and best. Another prominent sign of the present time is an enlarged appreciation of normal work. The lecturer here alluded to the good results obtained by a comparison of school systems from all parts of the world, through bureaus and international conferences. These systems are collected, placed under the focus of the American eye, to be examined and studied for just what they are worth. This examination shows that all nations come to America to learn. A celebrated Frenchman said to Gen. Eaton, when speaking of the communistic troubles throughout Europe:

"You in America, do not know the value of your schools as a quieting influence."

In England ten times as great a proportion of children are in the public schools today, as were in them twenty years ago.

To make a just comparison between the public school system and any other, there must be an "open hand." The system or the body that makes an attack lays itself open to criticism by virtue of this attack. He who assails the public schools, be he individual or a corporate body must be able to show some system for his [illegible], else his assault is in vain. The assailants of the public schools, as they are in open light, are free as the light of the sun; they have not been under the supervision of the whole American people.

The lecturer showed a [illegible] of the schools in Vermont, many in Boston, Providence and other cities. At every place he saw signs of advancement, but nowhere of retrogression. A remarkable feature of this visit to Providence was a call upon a Prof. Morey, principal of a large and flourishing private school. Some distance up the same street upon which the high school and the neighboring and several grammar schools. After some time spent in social conversation, the Doctor asked Prof. Morey:

"What is your opinion toward the common schools, and what is the one spot upon your schools?"

The answer came in the form of a [illegible] and cordially the hand of the visitor, and say in [illegible] "Freedom from sectarianism!" Then came the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and